

September 1988

IMPORT HEALTH REQUIREMENTS OF PHILIPPINES FOR HORSES EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES

The animals must be accompanied by a U.S. Origin Health Certificate issued by a veterinarian authorized by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and endorsed by a Veterinary Services (VS) veterinarian. The certificate shall contain the name and address of the consignor and the consignee and a complete identification of the animals to be exported. Additional information shall include:

CERTIFICATION STATEMENTS

1. The United States is free of Contagious equine metritis (CEM), glanders, dourine, and African horse sickness.
2. The animals were born or raised or have been in the United States for at least 6 months prior to export.
3. The animals originated from premises where there have been no outbreaks of the following diseases for the last 6 months and individual animals are free from clinical evidence of such diseases: ulcerative lymphangitis, equine infectious anemia, equine encephalomyelitis, equine influenza, equine rhinopneumonitis, equine viral arteritis, vesicular stomatitis, Salmonella abortus equina, strangles, and piroplasmiasis prior to export.
4. The animals were treated against internal and external parasites on _____ (date) with _____ (name of product) within 30 days prior to export.
5. The animals were not vaccinated with any live or attenuated vaccine within 14 days of export.
6. The animals were maintained in isolation so as to have no direct contact with other non-tested animals from the time the testing began until export.
7. The animals have been vaccinated for equine encephalomyelitis using killed vaccine not less than 15 days and not more than 6 months prior to export.

TEST REQUIREMENTS

The animals were negative to the following tests within 30 days prior to export:

1. Equine infectious anemia: Agar-gel Immunodiffusion (Coggins) test

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| 2. | Piroplasmosis: | Complement fixation (CF) test for <i>B. equi</i> and <i>B. caballi</i> less than 2+ at 1:5 dilution |
| 3. | Vesicular stomatitis: | Serum neutralization (SN) test at 1:8 dilution |
| 4. | Equine viral arteritis: | SN test at 1:4 dilution. If the horse is positive to the test, the second test can be conducted 10 days after the initial test. If the titers are less than 4-fold, the animal will be eligible for export. |
| 5. | Salmonella abortus equina: | Seroagglutination test at 1:640 dilution |

OTHER INFORMATION

1. The movements must be made in cleaned and disinfected vehicles. During the voyage, the animals stop only at approved intermediate ports and only authorized transit quarantine areas.
2. No fodder other than from the country of origin is taken aboard the ship or aircraft.

EMBARKATION CERTIFICATION

At the port of embarkation, a VS port veterinarian shall attach to the Origin Health Certificate the Certificate of Inspection of Export Animals (VS Form 17-37) showing:

1. The name and address of the consignor.
2. The name and address of the consignee.
3. The number and species of animals to be shipped.
4. A statement that the animals have been given a careful veterinary inspection at the port of embarkation and found free from evidence of communicable disease and exposure thereto within 24 hours of exportation.